
‘Nanoreactor’ Grows Hydrogen-storage Crystals

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Novel “nanoreactor” material grows crystalline hydrogen clathrates, or HCs, capable of storing hydrogen at the nanoscale.

Neutron scattering techniques were used as part of a study of a novel “nanoreactor” material that grows crystalline hydrogen clathrates, or HCs, capable of storing hydrogen. The researchers, from [ORNL](#) and the [University of Alicante](#), or UA, were inspired by nature, where methane hydrates grow in the pores and voids within natural sediments.

The nanoreactor material consists of a chemically optimized, porous activated carbon that can confine hydrogen at the nanoscale with excellent thermal stability as high as -27.7 degrees Fahrenheit. Pure liquid water, without additives, is all that is needed to promote HC formation. Nearly 100% of the water is converted into HCs in just minutes — at a 30% lower pressure than required in conventional HC production.

“The ability to store hydrogen at lower pressures and higher temperatures is a step toward potentially using these crystalline hydrates for hydrogen storage in stationary and mobile applications,” said UA’s Joaquin Silvestre-Albero.

Read the [original article](#) on Oak Ridge National Laboratory.